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which it has led able courts might well have been made clear. The meager mention in § 2472 is inadequate.

The index appears rather small for so bulky a work. It is contained in seventy-five pages which are not closely printed. Some use, however, has failed to discover any omissions worth noting.

The excellence of this new treatise on evidence has already been stated in the reviews of the preceding volumes. A careful examination of the four volumes confirms the opinion that of all the books on evidence it is, everything considered, easily the best. It may be added that the publishers have done their work well. Paper, binding, type, clearness of impression, all are satisfactory. The last one hundred and fifty pages of Volume III, which is over size, might better have been put in Volume IV, which is smaller than the others.

#### REVIEWS TO FOLLOW :

FRENCH LAW OF EVIDENCE. O. E. Bodington. London: Stevens & Sons. 1904. pp. viii, 199.

A TREATISE ON SPECIAL SUBJECTS OF THE LAW OF REAL PROPERTY. Alfred G. Reeves. Boston: Little, Brown & Co. 1904. pp. lxxv. 913.

A TREATISE ON THE LAW OF WILLS. John R. Rood. Chicago: Callaghan & Co. 1904. pp. lxxvi, 635.

STREET RAILWAY REPORTS. Vol. II. Edited by Frank B. Gilbert. Albany: Matthew Bender. 1904. pp. xix, 1051.

CURRENT LAW. George Foster Longsdorf, Editor in Chief. St. Paul: Keefe-Davidson Co. 1904. Vol. I, x, 1208; Vol. II, xviii, 2195.

A BRIEF SURVEY OF EQUITY JURISDICTION. Prof. C. C. Langdell. Cambridge: The Harvard Law Review Association. 1905. pp. 303.

THE ORGANIZATION AND MANAGEMENT OF BUSINESS CORPORATIONS. Walter C. Clephane. St. Paul: West Publishing Company. 1905. xxvi, 246,

pp. LAW OF RECEIVERS. W. A. Alderson. New York: Baker, Voorhis & Co. 1905. pp. lxxi, 956.

JURISDICTION AND PROCEDURE OF THE SUPREME COURT. Hannis Taylor. Rochester: Lawyers Co-operative Publishing Co. 1905. pp. lxxvi, 1907.